

A landscape survey is a way of quickly observing and recording the features present in the landscape. It serves as a good way of consciously registering certain features which might otherwise be overlooked and makes a good foundation for ideas about future data collection in the area.

The list of features is far from exhaustive and space is included to add personal observations and features which are highly specific to certain places.

Location:

Grid Reference:

Physical topography

- flat
- undulating
- rolling
- steep
- vertical
- plain
- lowland
- plateau
- scarp / cliffs
- hills
- dry valley
- deep valley
- broad valley
- narrow valley
- chine
- other

Heritage

- burial mounds
- church / chapel
- forts / enclosures
- parkland
- other

Land Cover

- scrub
- marsh
- peat bog
- moor / heath
- rough grassland
- water meadow
- grassland
- species rich grass
- woodland
- managed
- other

Woodland and Trees

- deciduous
- coniferous
- mixed
- shelter belts
- hedge trees
- orchard
- clumps
- copses
- hangers
- field trees
- other

Hydrology

- river
- stream
- reservoir
- dry valley / combe
- brook
- pond
- lake
- drainage ditch
- confluence
- rapids / falls
- other

Communications

- roads
- tracks
- footpaths
- lanes
- railway
- bridleway
- pylon
- communication mast
- pipeline
- cycle way
- other

Farming

- arable
- pastoral
- mixed
- hedges
- set aside
- rough land
- wet pasture
- fences
- other
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Buildings

- farm buildings
- masts / poles
- settlement
- follies
- manors
- military
- other
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The landscape survey can be used to write a detailed description of the fieldwork location.

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